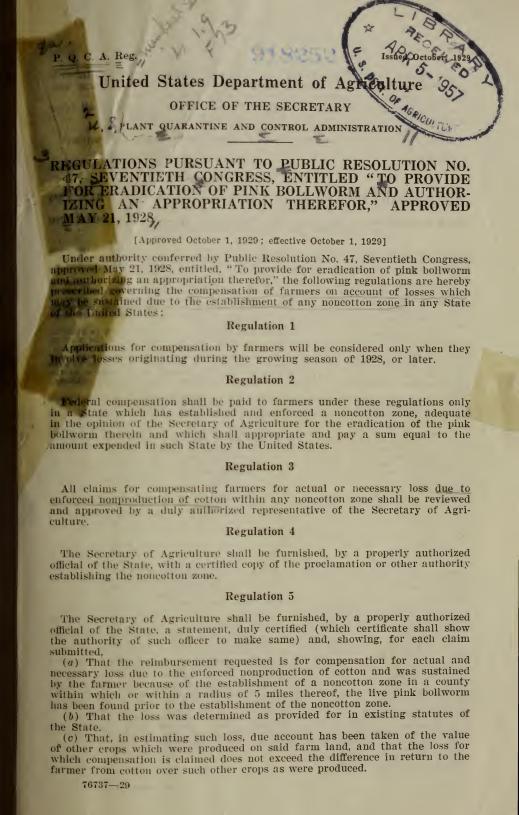
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(d) That the farmer presenting the claim has complied in good faith with all of the quarantine and control regulations prescribed by the Federal and State Departments of Agriculture relative to the pink bollworm.

(e) Such other information as may be necessary fully to establish all facts

in connection with the losses for which compensation is claimed.

Done in the District of Columbia this 1st day of October, 1929. Witness my hand and seal of the United States Department of Agriculture

ARTHUR M. HYD Secretary of Agriculture

PUBLIC RESOLUTION NO. 47, SEVENTIETH CONGRESS (S. J. RES.

JOINT RESOLUTION TO PROVIDE FOR ERADICATION OF PINK BOLLWOOD AND AUTHORIZING AN APPROPRIATION THEREFOR

Whereas a very serious emergency has arisen by reason of an outbrak of the pink bollworm involving some seven counties in the western extension of cotton in Texas which threatens one of the primary industries of the Nation and demands immediate notion;

Whereas there are only two possible means of meeting this situation, one

Whereas there are only two possible means of meeting this situation, one by result the movement of cotton and cortonseed from the newly infested counties with the preventing long-distance spread through the agency of such products, and rile of declare and enforce noncotton zones as to such areas with the idea of the luminary cradication of the pest, with the object of saving the cotton crop of the Nation general invasion and future enormous annual losses; and

Whereas regulation does not eradicate nor does it prevent spread except as to other so completely isolated from other cotton as to eliminate the possibility of the natural spread of the pest, and, therefore, the regulation of these new areas in contact with tinuous cotton cultivation will necessarily permit the natural and probably we spread of this pest yearly, and will amount, therefore, to giving up the battle Texas and the rest of the Cotton Belt from general and probably wide invasion pink bollworm, accompanied by annual and greatly increasing costs of such regulation and

Whereas the only known means of eradication is by the establishment of noncotton of the for one or two years—a method which has a long record of successes, but which may become impossible as to such west Texas areas on account of natural spread and mounting

costs if postponed; and

costs if postponed; and
Whereas the losses due to such zones must fall primarily and heavily upon a small
group of farmers, and inasmuch as these losses are in the interest of the cotton crop of
the Nation, compensation of such farmers for actual and necessary losses due to the
enforced nonproduction of cotton would seem to be fully warranted; and
Whereas the cost of the establishment of such noncotton zones in these new areas will
be necessarily very large on account of the considerable cotton acreage involved—some
three hundred and sixty thousand acres—costs which are in the interest of the entire
Cotton Belt; and

Whereas the cost of the establishment of such noncotton zones involved—some three hundred and sixty thousand acres—costs which are in the interest of the entire Cotton Belt; and

Whereas the State of Texas has now no funds available for such compensation of farmers and its legislature is not now in session and will not normally come in session for another year, and, further, the securing of such funds by the State would involve new legislation and new taxation very unlikely to be obtained in view of the amount involved, and the fact, as indicated, that such expenditure would be for the protection of the entire Cotton Belt: Therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That when any State shall have enacted legislation and taken measures, including the establishment and enforcement of noncotton zones, adequate, in the opinion of the Secretary of Agriculture, to eradicate the pink bollworm in any area thereof actually infested, or threatened, by such pest, the said Secretary, under regulations to be prescribed by him, is authorized to pay, out of \$5,000,000 hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended in cooperation with the proper authorities of the State concerned in compensating any tarmer for his actual and necessary loss due to the enforced nonproduction of cotton within said zones: Provided, That no part of the funds herein authorized to be appropriated shall be available for compensation in connection with the establishment of a noncotton zone in any county unless and until the live pink bollworm is found within such county or within a radius of five miles thereof: Provided further, That such loss as to noncotton zones established by the State of Texas shall be determined as provided for in existing statutes of that State, and similarly by similar statutes which may later be provided further. That the loss shall not exceed the difference in return to the farmer



